

Meshing from CAD vision: curved adaption to geometry and solution

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European Research Council Established by the European Commission Thanks to the ELEMENT workshop In mesh adaption and CAD for simulation give:

vision for what **meshing** would ideally look like **over the next decade**?

Grand challenge: wall resolved LES simulation of a full powered air-craft configuration in the full flight envelope (NASA CFD Vision 2030'14)

Body-fitted & piece-wise polynomial curved tets



- e.g. buffeting: unsteady interaction of shock and turbulent BL
- Previous issues, current LES & adaption results. A vision of:
 - body-fitted adapted meshes from CAD models
 - piece-wise polynomial curved tetrahedra

Current LES & meshing: curved and adapted



(Fernandez, Nguyen, Roca & Peraire, AIAA'16)

- Unstructured high-order methods & curved meshes: promising LES results for accurate prediction of unsteady transition to turbulence (Uranga, Persson & Peraire IJNMF'11) (NASA CFD Vision 2030'14) (HiOCFD AIAA'17) (Fernandez, Nguyen & Peraire JCP'17) (Mengaldo, Moxey, Turner, Moura, Jassim, Taylor, Peiro & Sherwin '19'20) (Nguyen, Terrana & Peraire AIAA'20)
- Unstructured methods & adapted straight-edged meshes: accurate quantities of interest for a fixed number of DOFs (Loseille & Alauzet JCP'10, SJNA'11, CAD'16) (Yano & Darmofal JCP'12)

Adapted meshing from CAD need: automatically capture highly curved, stretched & localized unsteady flow & geometry features

Meshing vision: curved adaption to geometry & solution

Current: automatic straight-edged adaption

(INRIA, MIT, Boeing, NASA, Pointwise, ...)



+



Vision: automatic usnteady curved adaption

(Imperial College, UC Louvain, LLNL, UC Berkeley, INRIA, BSC, ...)



Curved mesh with (Ressenlaer, MIT, UPC, Swansea U, Pointwise...) approximative boundary (UC Louvain, INRIA, BSC, ...)



Outline: curved adaption step & detailed visions

- In. Geometry proxy, curved tet. mesh, and high-order sol.
 - Local curved re-meshing: enough point-wise quality while,
 - approximating geometry proxy
- Out. Adapted boundary fitted curved mesh

- Virtual geometry
- Geometry queries
- Proxy access, storage & representation
- Mesh curving

Virtual geometry vision (1 / 2)

Virtual geometry: group entities according to simulation intent

(Geode Lite, Pointwise) (Tierney, Sun, Robinson & Armstrong, CAD'17)



CAD B-rep.: 409 surfaces Virtual geometry: 105 simulation surfaces High-Lift Jaxa Standard Model (using Pointwise)

- Current: uses a CAD B-rep. with gaps & normal discontinuities
- Issue: fine meshes are meeting CAD tolerance and thus, they might violate simulation intent (steps & normal discontinuities)
- CAD challenge: will use CAD B-rep. with tighter tolerances or,

Virtual geometry (2 / 2)

Meshing vision: will use curved triangular meshes

(Persson, Aftosmis & Haimes IMR'06) (Haimes, EGADS) (Loseille, feflo.a) (Jiménez et al. IMR'19)

preserving the simulation intent (simulation surfaces) and,





Isophote stripes: leading edge of a quartic triangular mesh proxy (Jiménez, Gargallo & Roca IMR'19)

smoothly approximating a CAD B-rep. within model tolerance (green)



Virtual geometry: 1 simulation curve as 2 CAD curves & curvature viz.





Mesh vision: smooth B-rep. approximation & curvature viz.

Geometry queries vision

 Current state: forward (& inverse) evaluations of values, 1st, and 2nd derivatives.

(Haimes, EGADS) (Pointwise, GEODE) (Open CASCADE)

 Issue: methods to improve geometric accuracy of surface meshes are tending to need higher derivatives

(Remacle, Lambrechts, Geuzaine & Toulorge IMR'14) (Ruiz, Sarrate & Roca IMR'15'16) (Feuillet, Loseille & Alauzet IMR'19) (Haimes, EGADS)





Interpolative quintic mesh & normal error amplified 2 10³ times Approximative quintic mesh & normal error amplified 2 10⁷ times

(Ruiz, Sarrate & Roca)

• Vision: will use up to 3rd derivatives (or even more)

Proxy access, storage & representation

- Current state: sequential and non-distributed surface proxies
- Issue: copies of full geo. proxy will miss-use scarce memory (Dongarrra *et al.*, App. Math. Res. for Exascale, DOE'14) (Chaurasia, Roca, Persson & Peraire IMR'12) (Moxey, Green, Sherwin & Peiró CMAME'15) (Gargallo, Hozeaux & Roca, IMR'17) (Haimes, EGADS)
- Vision: distributed curved meshes of surfaces or even, volumes (e.g. to enable parallel curved uniform refinements)



Proxy acces, storage & dims.: distri. subdi. (x 4096)



24 s, 768 cores (colored), 16 boxes, 208K (quadratic) to 860M (linear) elements, HDF5 (Gargallo-Peiró, Ruiz-Gironés, Houzeaux, Roca, ICOSAHOM'18)

Mesh curving vision

- Current state: non-distributed curving (almost morphing)
- **Issues:** generate & distribute bottleneck. Only used to curve (Dongarrra *et al.*, Applied Math. Research for Exascale DOE'14) (Gargallo-Peiró, Hozeaux & Roca IMR'17) (Gargallo-Peiró, Ruiz-Gironés, Houzeaux & Roca ICOSAHOM'18)

Vision: will be distributed & also used to r-adapt meshes between local curved re-meshing steps

(Ruiz & Roca IMR'19) (Dobrev, Kolev & Rieben SJSC'12) (Marcon, Turner, Moxey, Sherwin & Peiró IMR'17) (Dobrev, Knupp, Kolev *et al.* SJSC'19) (Shi, Persson *et al.*, AIAA'19) (Zhang, Johnen & Remacle IMR'18) (Aparicio, Gargallo & Roca IMR'18'19) (Feuillet, Loseille & Alauzet IMR'18, CAD'20)



Curving vision: curved r-adaption, 1:100



640 **linear** tris., iso-resolution, 353 nodes, visualization mesh, 5760 linear tris.

40 **curved quartic** tris., iso-resolution, 353 nodes, visualization mesh, 5760 linear tris.

 To meet point-wise stretching, alignment & sizing, non-constant resolution of curved elements is key (local re-meshing, too) (Aparicio, Gargallo & Roca IMR'18'19)

Summary: curved adaption to geometry & solution



- Virtual geometry: will use curved surface meshes preserving simulation intent and, smoothly approximating CAD B-rep. within model tolerance
- Geometry queries: will use up to 3rd derivatives (or even more) pushed by methods to improve geometric accuracy
- Proxy access, storage & dims.: will use distributed curved meshes of surfaces or even, volumes
- Curved morphing: will be distributed and, also used to r-adapt the mesh between local curved re-meshing steps

Curved adapted meshing from CAD: will automatically capture highly curved, stretched & localized unsteady flow & geometry features

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